STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	U-5887	1	9

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY HENDERSON

SITE DESCRIPTION STRUCTURE NO. 323 ON SR 1783 (HIGHLAND LAKE ROAD) OVER KING CREEK

CONTENTS

REFERENCE:

SHEET NO.

2.2A 3 4-8

DESCRIPTION

TITLE SHEET LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

SITE PLAN BORE LOGS **PERSONNEL**

A. BLACKMORE

ELITE TECHNIQUES

INVESTIGATED BY ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

DRAWN BY _K. DE MONTBRUN, P.E.

CHECKED BY M. WALKO, P.E.

SUBMITTED BY _ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

DATE JUNE 2020

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1(99) 707-850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

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Prepared in the Office of:



ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP 1812 CENTER PARK DRIVE, SUITE D CHARLOTTE, NC 28217 (704) 525-5152 [PHONE] (704) 357-0023 [FAX] NC REGISTERED ENGINEPING ENGINERING FIRM # F-1078



DocuSigned by:

6/25/2020

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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

U-5887
2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 1 OF 2)

								(PA	4GE	1 OF 2)			
			S	DIL DE	SCRIPT	ION				GRADATION			
BE PENE ACCORI IS	CONSIDERED ETRATED WITH DING TO THE BASED ON TH	I A CONT STANDAR IE AASHT	INUOUS FLI D PENETRA O SYSTEM.	GHT POWE ION TES BASIC DE	ER AUGER AN T (AASHTO T ESCRIPTIONS	ID YIELD LES 206,ASTM (GENERALLY	S THAN 101 01586). SOII INCLUDE TH	Ø BLOWS PE L CLASSIFI Æ FOLLOWI	ER FOOT CATION NG:	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.			
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SULTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAMD LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6							Y, ETC. FO	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:					
						CLASSIF				ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.			
GENERAL		GRANULAR	MATERIALS		SILT-CLAY	MATERIALS		GANIC MATERI	IALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION			
CLASS. GROUP	A-1	≤ 35% PAS A-3	SING #200) A-2		(> 35% PA	SSING #200)	A-1, A-2	A-4, A-5		MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.			
CLASS.	A-1-a A-1-b	A-2	2-4 A-2-5 A-	2-6 A-2-7		A-7-5, A-7-6	A-3	A-6, A-7		COMPRESSIBILITY			
SYMBOL	0000000000				7.7.					SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50			
% PASSING							CDANIII AD	SILT-	MUCK	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL			
*10 *40	50 MX 30 MX 50 MX						GRANULAR SOILS	CLAY SOILS	MUCK, PEAT				
*200 MATERIAL	15 MX 25 MX	10 MX 35	MX 35 MX 35	MX 35 MX	36 MN 36 MN	36 MN 36 MN		55,25		GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOLLS SOLS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%			
PASSING *40							SOTI S	S WITH		LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%			
LL PI	6 MX					40 MX 41 MN	LITT	LE OR ERATE	HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE			
GROUP INDEX	0	0	ø	4 MX	8 MX 12 MX	16 MX NO MX	AMOU	NTS OF	ORGANIC SOILS	GROUND WATER			
UF MAJUR GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAV		SILTY OR C		SILTY SOILS	CLAYEY SOILS		ORGANIC SUILS MATTER		✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING ✓ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS ✓ TABLE TO STATIC WATER LEVEL WAT				
GEN, RATING	SAND						FAIR TO DOOR CONTRACTOR OF						
AS SUBGRADE		EXCELLENT				TO POOR	POOR	POOR	UNSUITABLE	SPRING OR SEEP			
	FI OF H-7-5 SUBUNDOF IS ≤ LL - 30 FFI OF H-7-6 SUBUNDOF IS > LL - 300 -												
	CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS SOURCETURES OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED 5TD 2000000000000000000000000000000000000							ED 25,425					
PRIMARY	SOIL TYPE	С	ONSISTENC		(N-V	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)			WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES				
GENER GRANUI		PRODUCTION STANDARD PENETHATION RESISTENCE (N-VALUE) VERY LOOSE											
MATER	IAL	ME					N/A			ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER			
(NUN-C	OHESIVE)									,			
GENER	GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5					MW - TECT POPING							
SILT-C MATER		ME	DIUM STIF STIFF	=		TO 8 TO 15		0.5 TO 1 1 TO 2		SINE INFERRED ROCK LINE MUNITURING WELL WITH CORE			
(COHES		\ \	ERY STIFF		15	TO 3Ø 3Ø		2 TO 4		TTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY A PIEZOMETER SPT N-VALUE INSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE			
				JRE C	R GRAIN					RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS			
U.S. STD. S			4	10	40	60 200				UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAV			
	PENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.003 SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP ROULDER CORRIE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY UNDERCUT ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR E EMBANKMENT OR E				SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF								
(BLDR		OB.)	(GR.)		SAND (CSE.SD.)	SAN (F SI	۱ ر	(SL.)	(CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS			
GRAIN M		75		2.0		0.25	0.05	0.005	5	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST			
SIZE I		3								BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT			
COL	S MOISTURE S			E - C ELD MOI		TION OF	TERMS			CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7/d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC			
	TERBERG LIN			DESCRIP		GUIDE FOR	FIELD MOI	STURE DES	SCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u>			
	- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS		1										
LL ,	_ LIGUID	LIMIT		(SAT.)		FROM BELO	W THE GRO	DUND WATE	R TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK			
PLASTIC RANGE <			_	WET - ()	a/)	SEMISOLID;)	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL			
(PI) PL	PLASTIC	LIMIT				ATTAIN OPT	IMUM MOIS	STURE		FRAGS FRAGMENTS			
10	M OPTIMUM MOISTURE		IIRE -	- MOIST - (M) SOLID;			OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE			EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT			
SI										DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE: CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL			
			-	DRY - (C))	REQUIRES A			0	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CODE 6175			
PLASTICITY								CME-55 X 8'HOLLOW AUGERS CORE 51ZE:					
					ITY INDEX	(PI)	D	RY STRENG	STH	CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS			
	N PLASTIC	TIC			Ø-5 6-15		_	VERY LOW	ı	VANE SHEAR TEST TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS HAND TOOLS:			
MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM CASING W/ ADVANCER				CASING W/ ADVANCER POST HOLE DIGGER									
HI	GHLY PLASTI				OLOR			HIGH		PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER			
										X 7822DT TRICONE TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD			
	PTIONS MAY I MODIFIERS SU									CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST			

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 2A U-5887

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 2 OF 2)

ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRE ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.

ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

WEATHERED TO THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED. TESTED. AN INFERRED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > $100~\mathrm{BLOWS}$ PER FOOT IF TESTED. FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IONEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.

FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.

COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC. CRYSTALLINE NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)

WEATHERING

ERESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER

ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, VERY SLIGHT

(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.

ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO SLIGHT (SLI.) 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.

MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED (MOD.)

WITH FRESH ROCK.

MODERATELY

COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK

ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH SEVERE AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. (MOD. SEV.) IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL

ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT SEVERE REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. (SEV.)

IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF

VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAMENTS OF STRONG ROCK
REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR SEVERE (V SEV.) VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF COMPLETE

ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS

ROCK HARDNESS

VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES

SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED HARD

TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.

MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIEF OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED

BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM

EXTREMELY INDURATED

CAN BE GROOVED OR GOLIGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIEF OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

CAN BE GROVED OR COUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. SOFT

VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH CHINGE CHANCE WITH ANIFE. CHIN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES I INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.

> FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING

TERM TERM THICKNESS SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET 3 TO 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET 1.5 - 4 FEET 0.16 - 1.5 FEET THICKLY BEDDED WIDE THINLY BEDDED
VERY THINLY BEDDED
THICKLY LAMINATED MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET 0.03 - 0.16 FEET 0.008 - 0.03 FEET CLOSE Ø 16 TO 1 FOOT VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET

INDURATION

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. BURBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS: GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.

SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE:

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.

ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.

ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND

CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.

COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.

 $\underline{\text{CORE}}$ RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE

DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.

FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

 $\underline{\text{FLOAT}}$ - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.

FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE

JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.

LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.

PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATIM AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT

<u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

SLICKENSIDE - F OR SLIP PLANE. - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE)(SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SO: WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

<u>STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD)</u> - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER

BENCH MARK: BM#3 STA. 16+06.22 66.71' LT

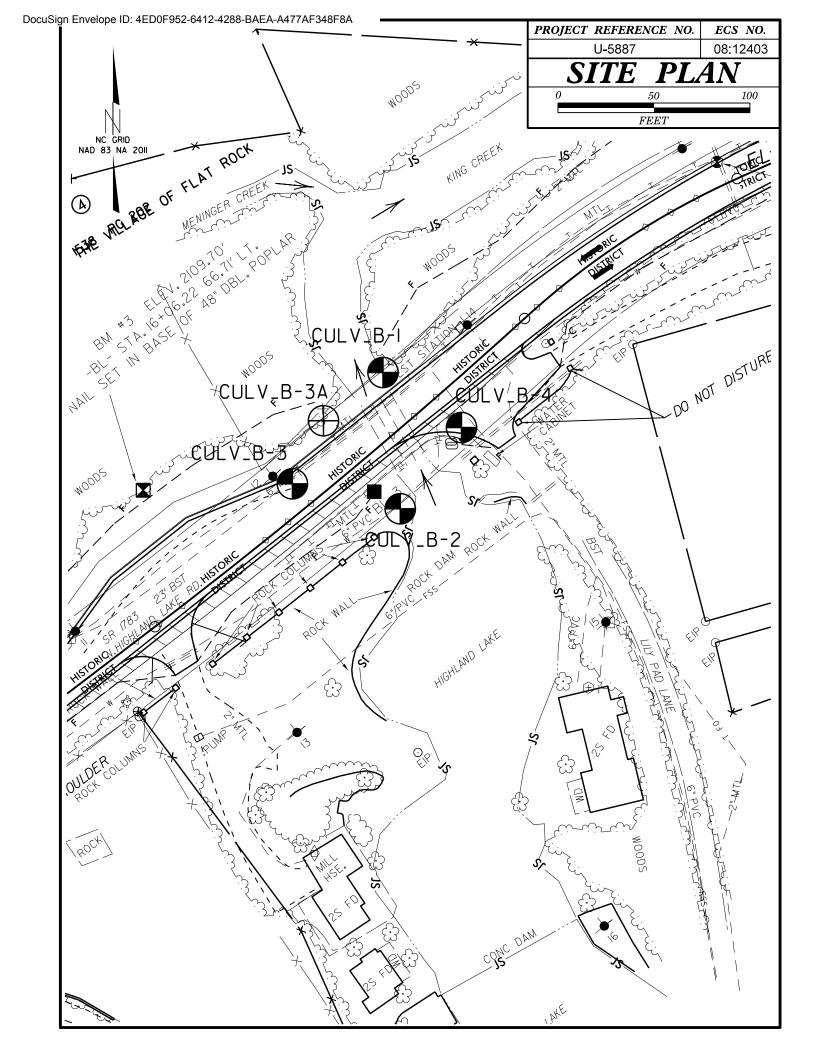
ELEVATION: 2109.70 FEET

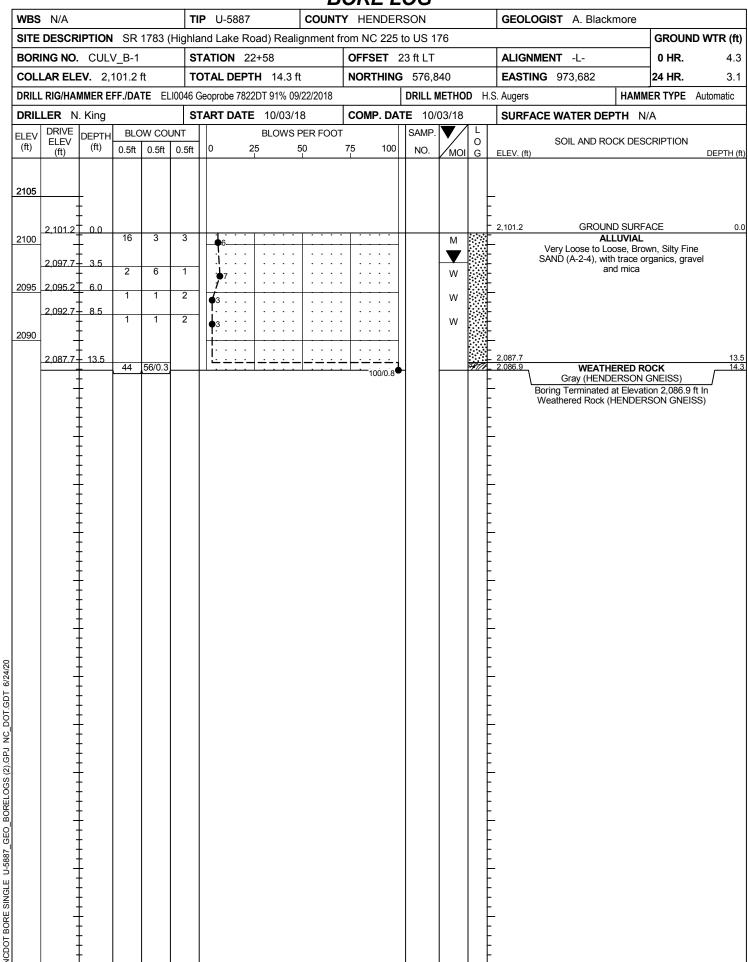
ROADWAY DESIGN FILES. .TIN. AND .GPK FILE PROVIDED BY V&M

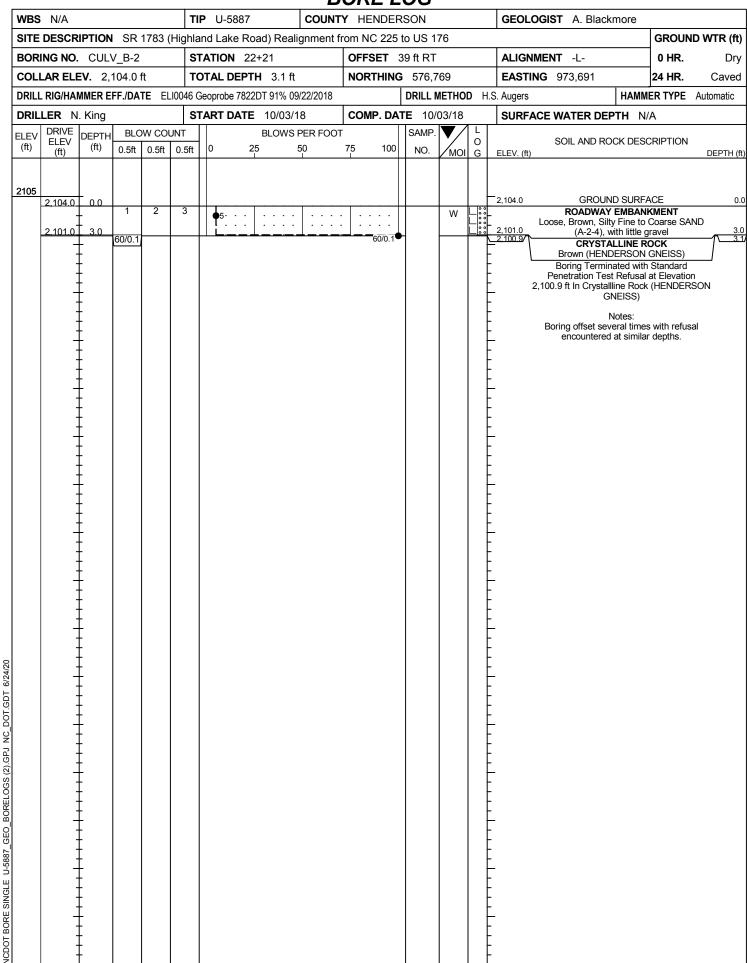
NORTHING AND EASTING OBTAINED USING A TRIMBLE GEO7X

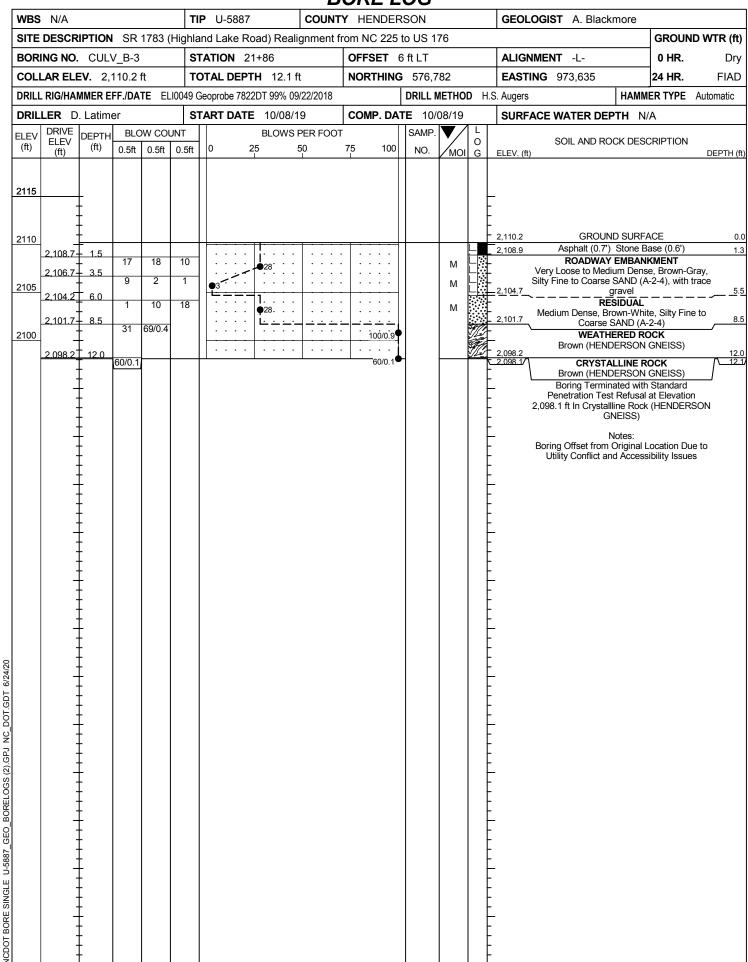
ELEVATIONS FOR CULVERT BORINGS OBTAINED USING BENCHMARK BM#3 (STA. I6+06.22 66.71' LT)

DATE: 8-15-14









VBS N/A		ORE LOG		
VBS IN/A	TIP U-5887 COUNT	Y HENDERSON	GEOLOGIST A. Blackmore	
SITE DESCRIPTION N/A				GROUND WTR (fi
BORING NO. CULV_B-3A	STATION 22+19	OFFSET 22 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. 2.0
COLLAR ELEV. 2,102.0 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 3.5 ft	NORTHING 576,815	EASTING 973,651	24 HR. FIAE
RILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/	A	DRILL METHOD Ha	and Auger HAMME	R TYPE N/A
DRILLER N/A	START DATE 01/28/20	COMP. DATE 01/28/20	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	4
LEV DRIVE ELEV (ft) DEPTH BLOW COL		75 100 NO. MOI G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC ELEV. (ft)	RIPTION DEPTH
105		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 2,102.0 GROUND SURFA - ALLUVIAL - Rroun Sith Fine to Corne 6	
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